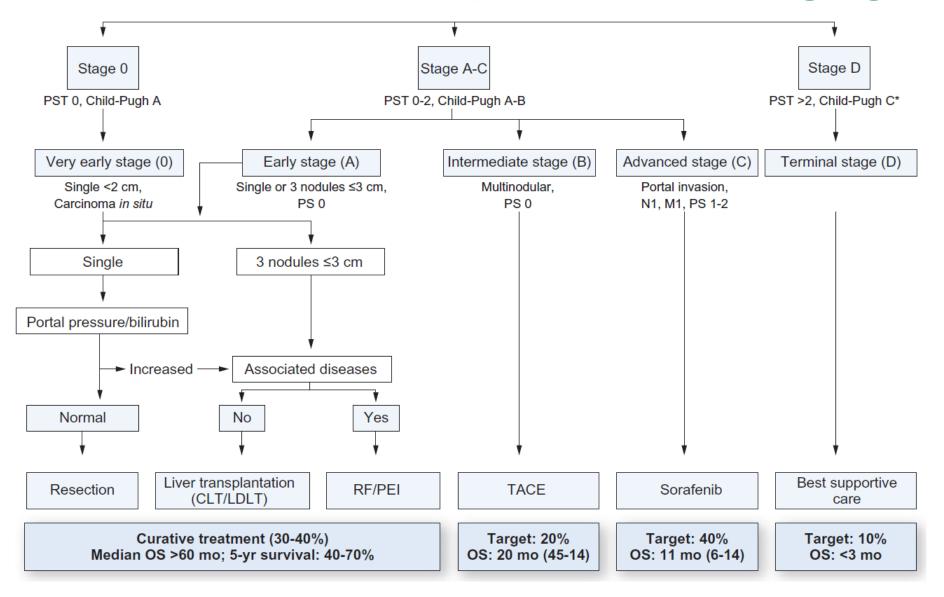
Targeted Radiation Therapy for HCC



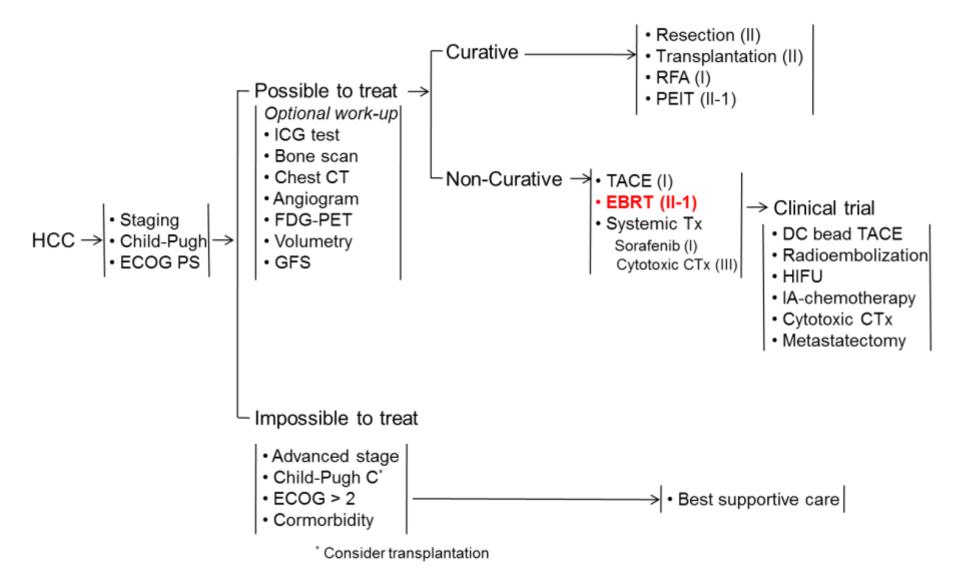
HCC management guidelines & Role of RT in BCLC Staging System

2012 EASL-EORTC (Updated BCLC Staging)



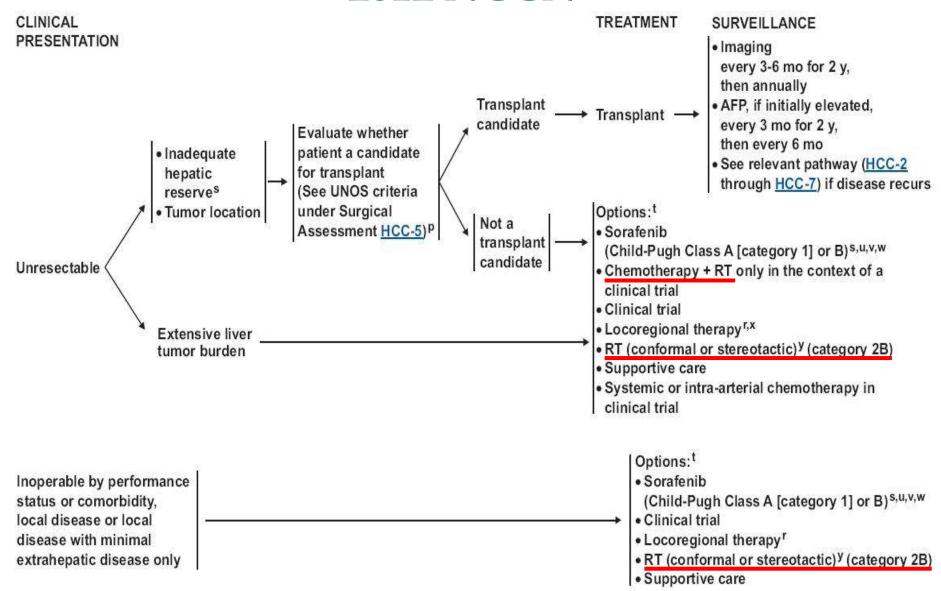
Llovet et al. J Hepatology 2012;56:908

2009 Korean Liver Cancer Study Group



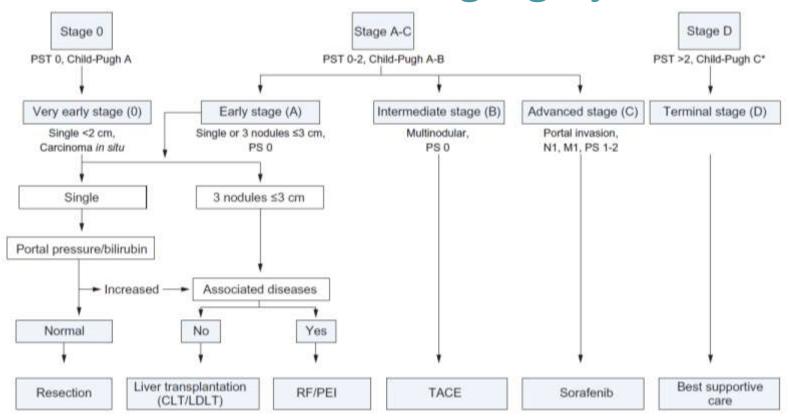
KLCSG & NCC, Korea. Korean J Hepatol 2009;15(3):391-423

2012 NCCN



NCCN Guidelines. Hepatobiliary Cancer. V2.2012. Available at: www.nccn.org

RT in BCLC Staging System



Ablative RT (SABR, HypoFx)

- Inoperable
- Inaccessible
- To bridge before LT
- Salvage recurrence

TACE+RT/CCRT

- Consolidate TACE
- Salvage TACE refractoriness(SABR)
- Portal invasion

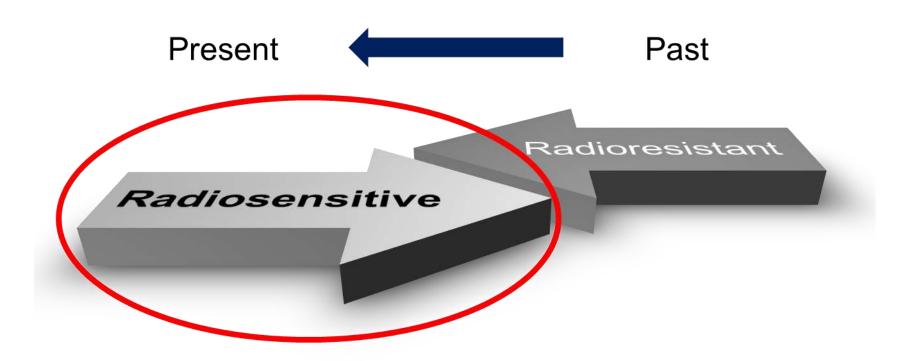
Palliative RT

- Symptom control
- Prevention of cancer related morbidity
- Oligometastasis

Support from evidence-making clinical trial efforts

Radiation dose response of HCC & & Radiation tolerance of normal organs

Skepticism versus Enthusiasm in RT for HCC



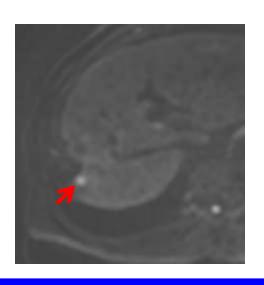
HCC is radiosensitive tumor

- From the recent clinical data (1990s ~)
- with 3-dimensional conformal technique
- Dose-response relationship (+)
- Concept of partial-volume tolerance

HCC is radioresistant tumor

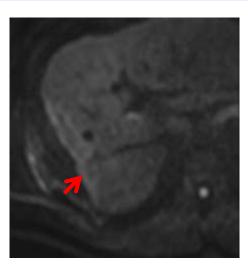
- Traditional concept (~ 1990s)
- with 2-dimensional technique (old)
- Unable to give high dose RT
- No information about volumetric analysis

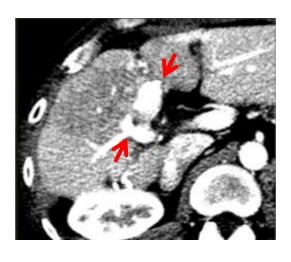
Therapeutic Effects of RT for HCC

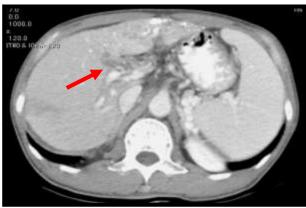




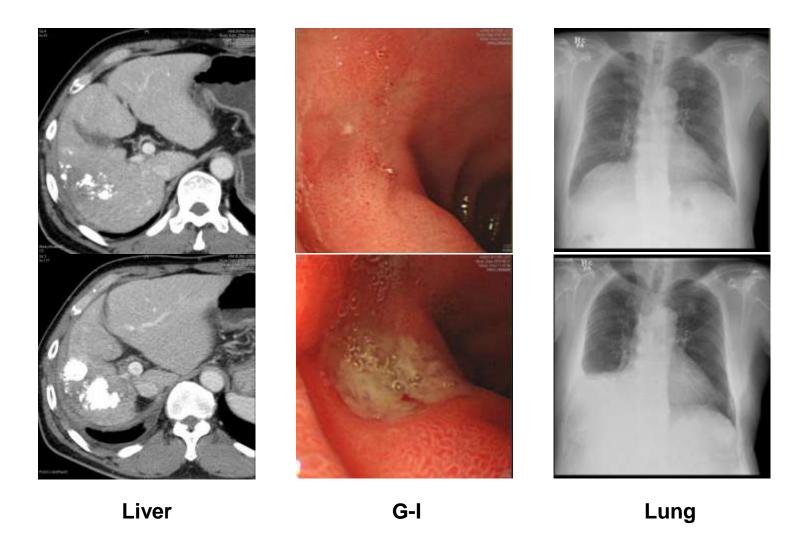






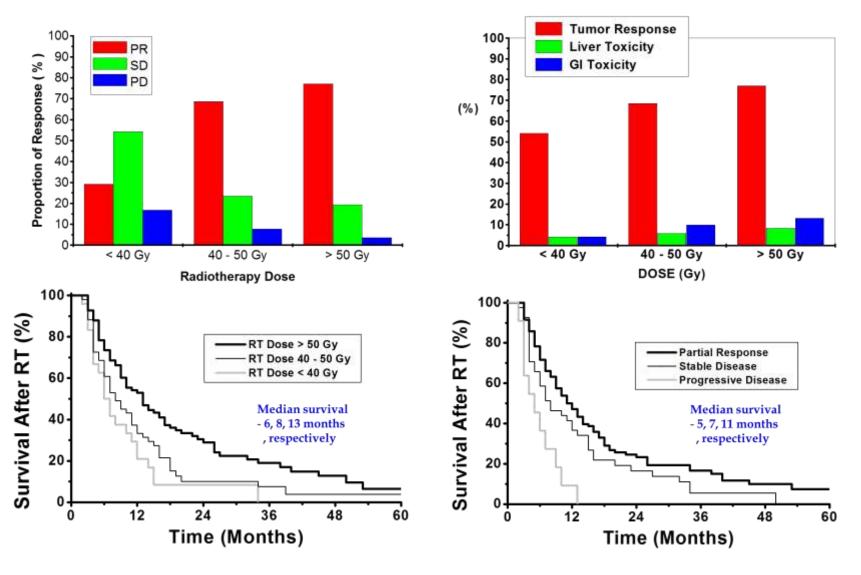


Toxicities after Radiotherapy for HCC



chest wall pain, rib fracture, colonopathy, skin toxicity, etc

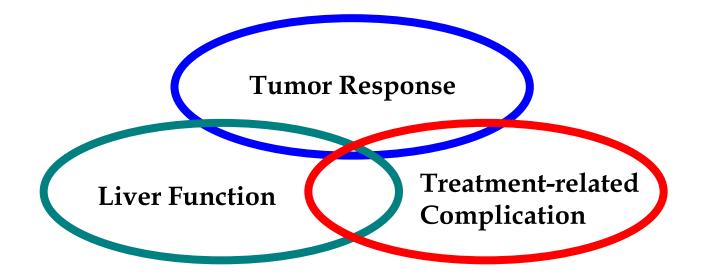
Dose response of HCC and normal tissues



HC Park, et al. Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Physics 2002

For the Better Outcome: RT perspectives

Three components affecting the outcomes of HCC patients



Radiation Oncologists' Task (RT for HCC)

- → RT dose escalation, Preserve Liver Function
- → Decrease Tx-related Toxicity
- → And one more, not interfering further treatment

Comparison of treatment modalities

1. Local control probability

Surgery ~ RFA >~ TARE ~ ERT >>>> sorafenib

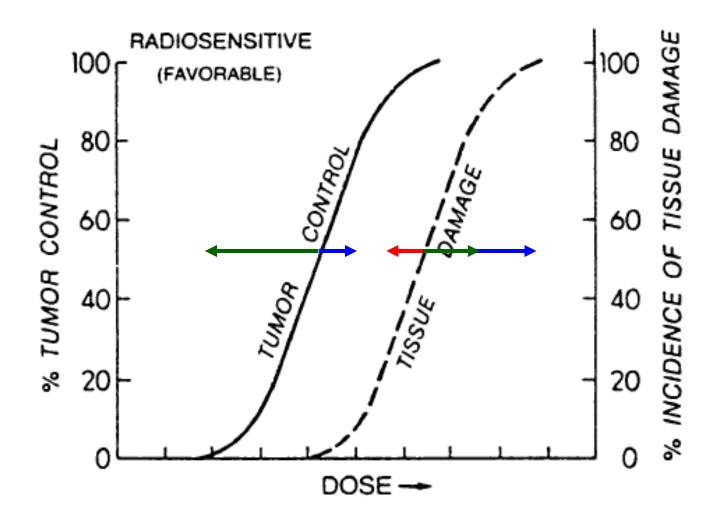
2. Liver function preservation

RFA >>> sorafenib ~> TARE ~> ERT >> Surgery

3. Treatment related toxicities

"Stigmata" decreasing from the recent advances in ERT tech.

Therapeutic Ratio... modifying factors



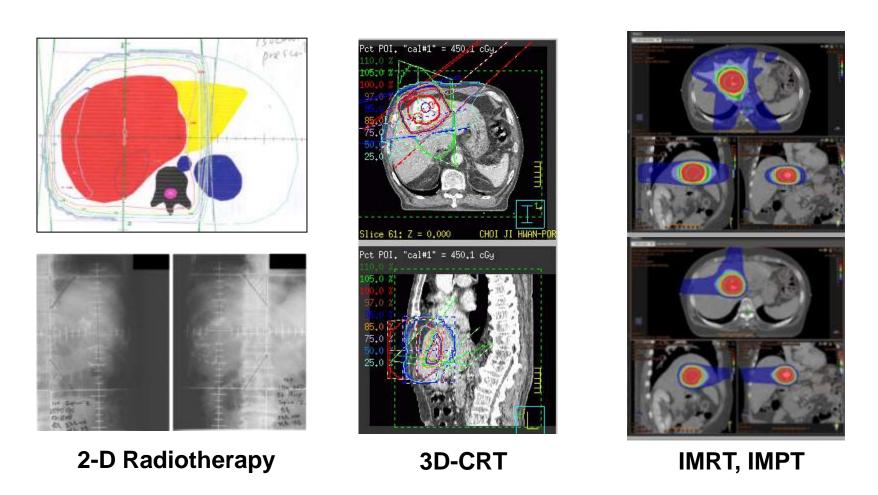
Radio-sensitizer

Radio-protector

High-tech RTX

Advances in RT techniques for HCC

Advances in increasing conformity

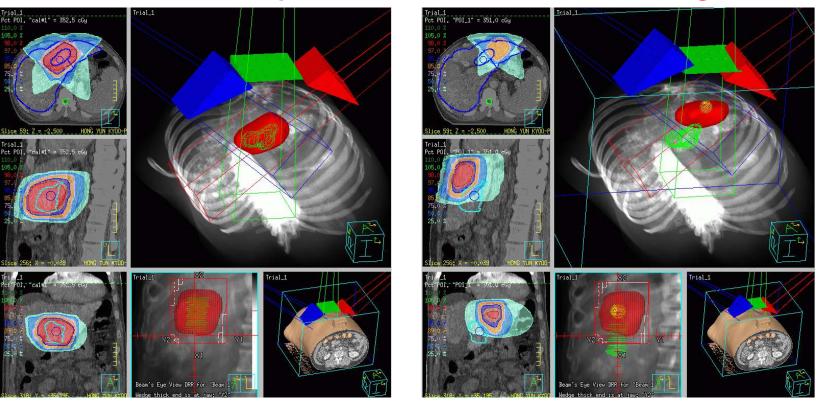


Efforts to improve precision : $2D \rightarrow 3DCRT \rightarrow IMRT$ (IMPT)

Advances in increasing accuracy

Good aiming

Bad Aiming



Internal organ motion, Volume change and deformation

Efforts to improve accuracy: IGRT, 4D-RT

Conventional radiotherapy for liver cancer

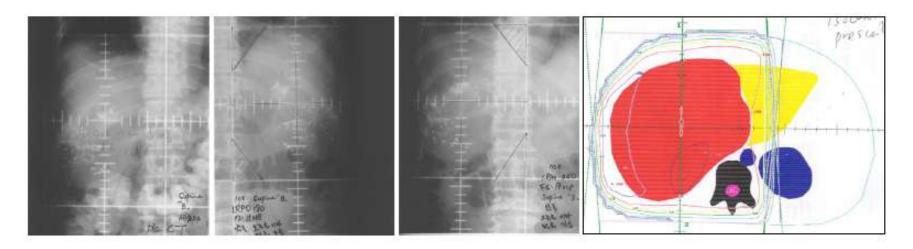
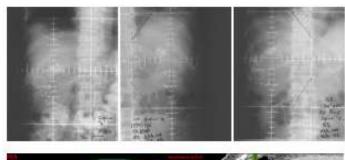
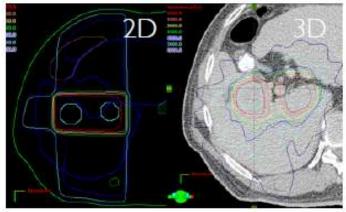


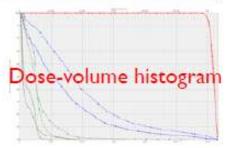
Table 2. Tolerance doses of Emami et al. (1) and predictions* of the 4-parameter model (Eqs. 1-4)

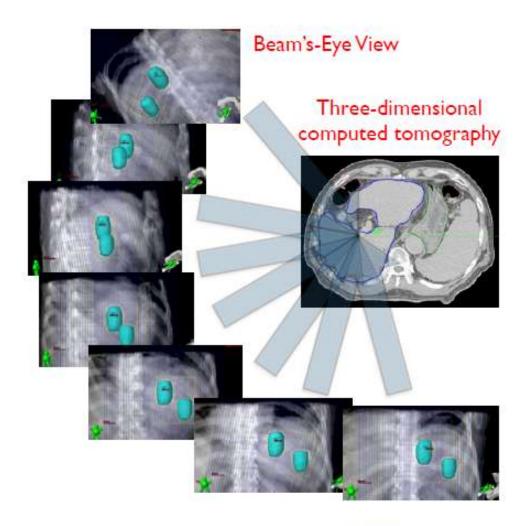
Organ	TD _{5/5} (Gy) volume			TD _{50/5} (Gy) volume			
	1/3	2 3	1	1 3	2 3	1	End point
Liver	50 (43)	35 (34)	30 (30)	55 (57)	45 (46)	40 (40)	Liver failure

Three dimensional conformal radiotherapy for liver cancer

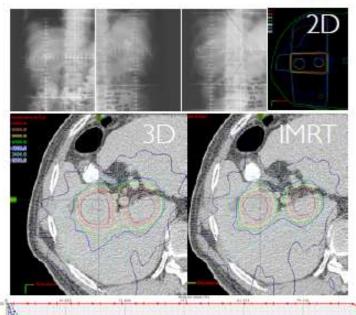


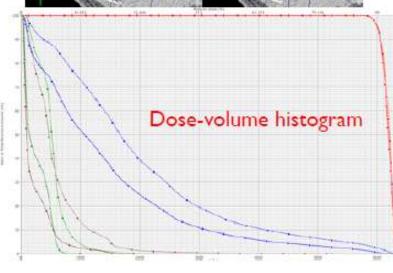


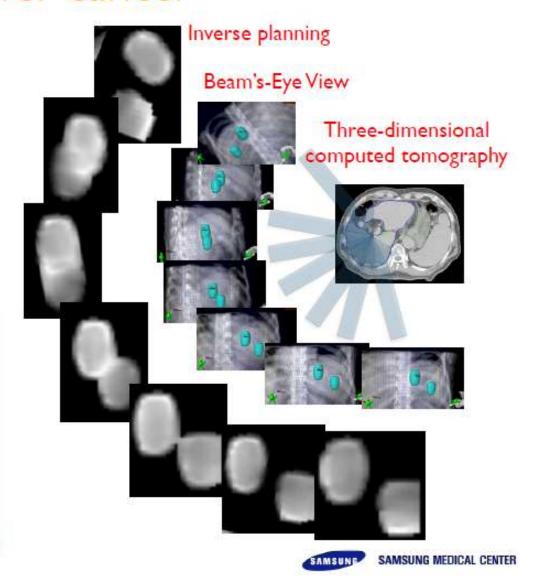




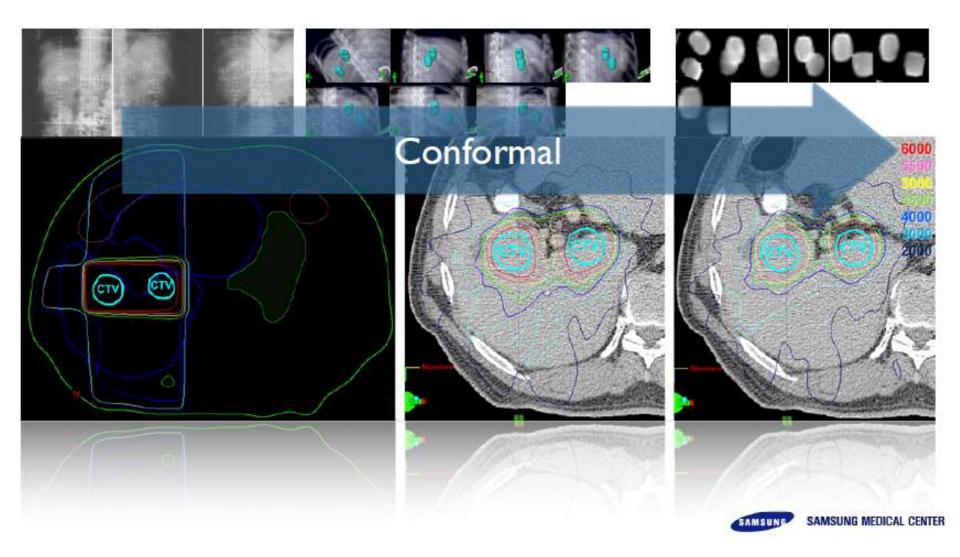
Intensity-modulated radiotherapy for liver cancer



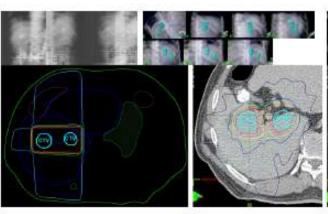




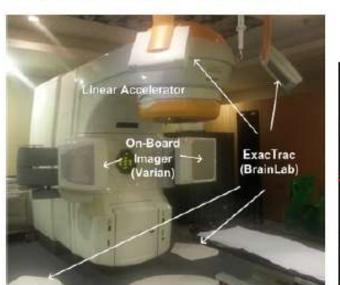
Advanced radiotherapy for liver cancer



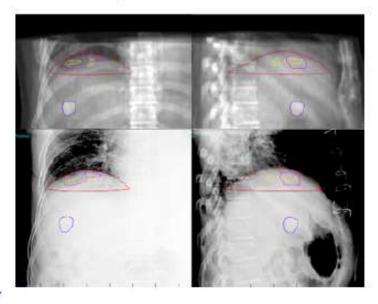
Advances in RT techniques

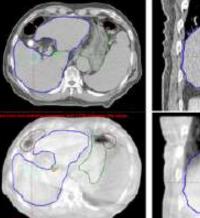


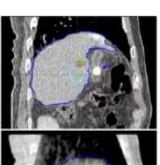
Is it enough for SABR of liver cancer?

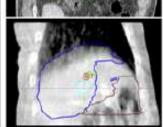


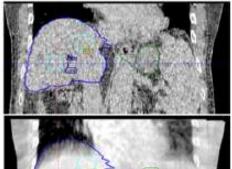
Precise Accuracy



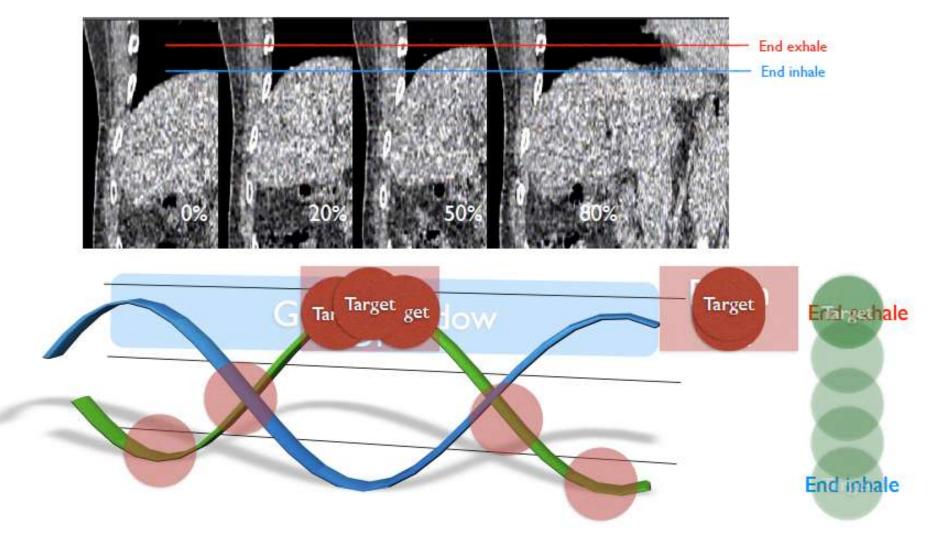








Respiratory motion management - Gating



SABR of liver cancer @ SMC

Imaging

Planning

Treatment

Bi-phasic CT

4D CT

Planning MRI

Video-guided education for reproducible respiration and shallow breathing



Contouring

Target CT and planning MRI

Normal organs on 50% phase image Radiation field

X-ray

3DCRT, IMRT

Wobbling, IMPT Not yet

Irradiation field

ITV or Gating 40% ~ 60%

Dose evaluation

Dose calculation

Dosimetric parameters

Dose constraints

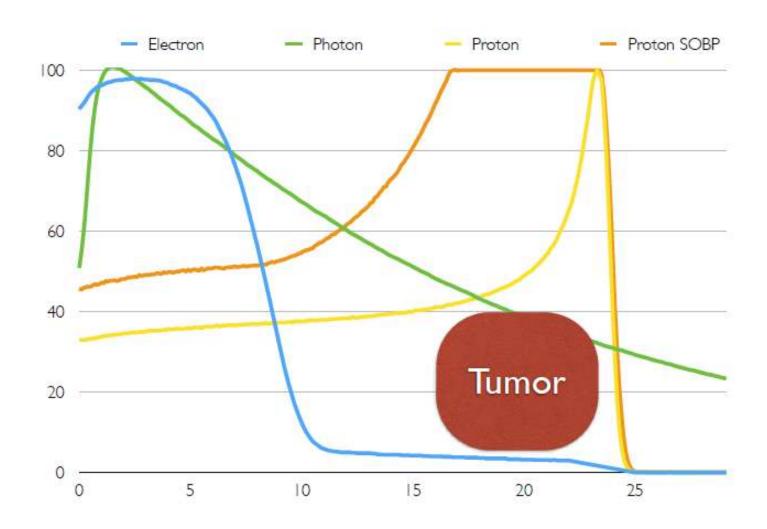
Verification

Gated OBI or CBCT

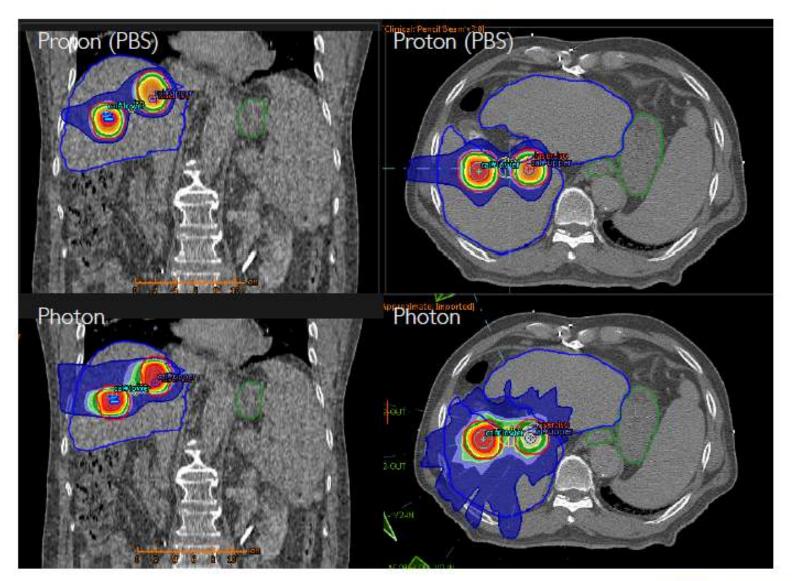
Monitoring during treatment



Proton therapy for SABR of liver cancer



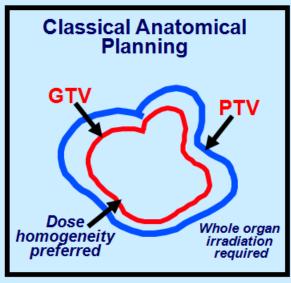
3DCRT vs. Proton



Targeted Radiation Therapy? - In the future -

Targeted Radiation Therapy (Circa 2020?)

Biological imaging provides a basis for a paradigm change in 3D treatment planning



Molecular Imaging

• MRS/PET • (choline/citrate, PSA, EGFR)



Cellular Imaging

• PET/MRS • (IUdR, MIB1, Apoptosis)



Tissue Effects Imaging

MRS/PET •

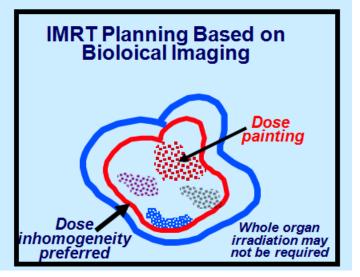
(Hypoxia, Angiogenesis)



Monoclonal Antibody Imaging

SPEC/PET •

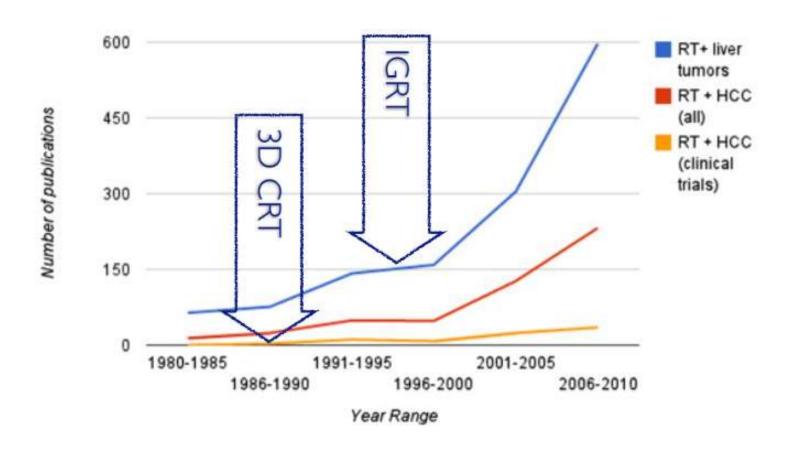




RT for HCC?

- The Problem is Evidence!! -

Radiation therapy for liver cancer



Klein J and Dawson L, Int J Radiat Oncol Biol Phys, vol. 87 (1) pp. 22-32

Clinical trials in Korea

Stereotactic Body Radiation Therapy for Hepatocellular Carcinoma

This study is currently recruiting participants.

Verified May 2013 by Korea Carcer Center Hospital

Korea Cancer Center Hospital

Dongnam Institute of Radiological & Medical Sciences Soon Chun Hyang University Seoul Hospital Inje University Inha University Hospital Incheon St. Mary's Hospital

Soon Chun Hyang University Cheonan Hospital

Information provided by (Responsible Party); MI-Sook Kim, Korea Cancer Center Hospital ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCTD1850667

First received: May 7, 2013 Last updated: May 8, 2013 Last verified: May 2013 History of Changes

Clinical Trials.gov Identifier:

First received: May 2, 2013

Last updated: May 7, 2013

Last verified: May 2013

History of Changes

NCT01850368

Stereotactic Body Radiotherapy for Unresectable Hepatocellular Carcinoma (SBRT for HCC)

This study is not yet open for participant recruitment.

Verified July 2013 by Samsung Medical Center

Sponsor:

Samsung Medical Center

Information provided by (Responsible Party):

Samsung Medical Center

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ClinicalTrials.pov (dentifier:

NCT01910909

First received: July 17, 2013 Last updated: August 5, 2013 Last verified: July 2013

History of Changes

Mi-datik Kim, Kama Carrow Cardar Hospital rommamou became all bareboards a audit

Stereotactic Ablative Radiotherapy for Hepatocellular Carcinoma With Major Portal Vein Invasion

This study is oursently recruiting participants.

Verified May 2013 by Koree Center Center Hospital

Sponsor

Korea Cancer Center Hospital

Collaborators:

Seoul National University Hospital Dorignam Institute of Radiological & Medical Sciences Soon Chun Hyang University Seoul Hospital Inha University Hospital

Incheon St. Mary's Hospital

Information provided by (Responsible Party): MI-Book Kim, Korea Cancer Center Hospital

Mi-South Ram, Korea Carton Carder Hougital украштерии выпусред р.А. (учентинизрен церай)

2001

2003

2005

2007

2009

2011

2013

This study has been completed.

National Cancer Center, Korea

Information provided by: National Cancer Center, Korea ClinicalTrials.gov identifier: NCT00662246

First received: April 10, 2008 Last updated: April 2, 2012 Last verified: March 2012 History of Changes

Dose Escalation Study Using Proton Beam Radiotherapy for Hepatocellular Carcinoma

Stereotactic Ablative Radiotherapy for Hepatocellular Carcinoma & 5 cm

This study is currently recruiting participants.

Verified May 2013 by Korea Concer Center Hospital

Sponsor:

Korea Cancer Center Hospital

Collaborators:

Dongnam Institute of Radiological & Medical Sciences Soon Chun Hyang University Seoul Hospital inje University inha University Hospital

incheon St. Mary's Hospital Samsung Medical Center

Soon Chun Hyang University Cheonan Hospital Kyung Hee University Gangdong Hospital

Information provided by (Responsible Party): MI-Book Kim, Korea Cancer Center Hospital

MS-Sook Mm, Korea Carson Certain Hospital April organistically by proposed interesting

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT01825824

First received: April 3, 2013. Last updated: May 2, 2013 Last verified: May 2013 History of Changes



Conclusions

Conclusions

- 1. <u>Higher local control and Lower complication is</u> <u>important</u>
 - as a treatment modality for HCC
- 2. Recent advances in RT techniques
 - enhanced the precision and accuracy
 - via conformal RT and IGRT, 4D-RT
- 3. For targeted RT,
 - use of multimodality imaging helps
 - awaits for more improvement of imaging for HCC
- 4. Clinical trial efforts are mandatory